

# Hawaiian Gazette.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, MARCH 12, 1912.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 3691

## PLANTATIONS TO INCREASE WAGES

Adopt Bonus Plan That Will Boost Expenses Million a Year.

ALL EMPLOYEES BENEFITED.

Oahu Company Takes the Lead and Other Corporations Follow.

An extension in the bonus system on the part of the three greatest sugar plantations on this island, the Oahu Sugar Company at Waipahu, the Ewa Sugar Plantation Company at Ewa and the Waialua Agricultural Company at Waialua has just been announced from a reliable source, the first news of it being published yesterday in the Hawaiian.

That this extension means the payment by the three plantations of an extra one million dollars on payrolls annually is approximated as the most important result of the action. The extension, according to report, includes every employee of the corporations, from the manager to the lowest of the laborers.

It thus includes all the labor not specified in the general bonus policy announced January 6, which took in only those who were getting less than \$24 monthly. As these numbered comparatively few the former policy which is now in force on almost all the other plantations did not touch the greater part of the plantation labor. The system adopted by the leading plantations of Oahu, however, institutes an almost ideal profit-sharing plan.

Oahu Leads.

It is supposed that this plan was first acted upon by the Oahu company and that it was agreed to later by the other two plantations.

This latest plan is based upon the proposition that the normal salary paid to plantation labor is covered by a price on sugar of seventy dollars a ton. For every dollar a ton over that sum, therefore, these three plantations propose to pay an extra one per cent. bonus annually. As the present rate is ninety dollars a ton everybody employed by them will now receive twenty per cent. of their present salary extra. The full schedule is as follows:

Sugar Rate per ton	Bonus per cent.
\$90.00	20
89.00	19
88.00	18
87.00	17
86.00	16
85.00	15
84.00	14
83.00	13
82.00	12
81.00	11
80.00	10
79.00	9
78.00	8
77.00	7
76.00	6
75.00	5
74.00	4
73.00	3
72.00	2
71.00	1
70.00	0

## CABLED THANKS FOR HONOLULU FUND

The thanks of the secretary of the Chinese Famine Relief Fund for the first cabled remittance from Honolulu 7197 fathoms was received by cable yesterday from Mr. Gulland, Shanghai, who wired to F. W. Damon, the cable being delivered just as Mr. Damon was going in further additions to the local fund. This now amounts to \$8207.65, follows:

Previously acknowledged	\$8157.65
Friend	10.00
E. Kelsey	10.00
C. Schoenberg, Wailuku	5.00
W. Kirkland	10.00
Del Deerr	10.00
Our Friends	5.00
Total to date	\$8207.65

## SUGAR MEN PLEAD.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Harned and sons, accused of being implicated in the frauds in underweighting imported sugar, have pleaded not guilty. Mayer, who is ill, will be given a separate trial.

The State supreme court affirmed the sentence of the superior court of a \$5000 fine on the American Sugar Refining company for refusing to submit its books to the grand jury.

## THE LATEST POPULAR SKIT



## A LIGHTNING CHANGE TEAM.

CUPID—

I'm Kuhio, of whom you've heard.  
At changing my mind I'm sure one bird.  
I came to Hawaii, Taft to kill,  
But now I'm a shouter for Our Big Bill.

EX-CAMPAIGN MANAGER—

Oh, Charley McCarthy is my name,  
As a backer of Link I won great fame—  
Now they've got Link down, and so you see  
I've launched a boom for to nominate Me.

Chorus.

It makes no difference what we say,  
For to change our minds only takes a day.  
To swallow your words can be no sin  
If only you swallow them down to win.

## "PEOPLE'S REPUBLICAN UNION" WAS ALL READY---THEN TAFT-KUHIO LEAGUE WAS PLANNED---FIFTY PRESIDENTS, TOO

Just how circumstances may alter cases and how politicians may be one thing one day and quite another thing the next is shown by a very interesting document now in the possession of The Advertiser. The document contains the draft constitution and program of what was to have been "The People's Republican Union of the Hawaiian Islands," the organization outlined by Delegate Kuhio in his famous letter to Stephen Desha—which still stands unexplained—which was to send a Kuhio delegation to the national convention in Chicago.

The plans of the People's Union backers switched very rapidly, as the document in question shows. The name was scratched out and over the scratches was written "The Taft-Kuhio Club." The objects were revised but the names of the suggested executive committee remained unchanged. This executive committee, as outlined, was to consist of the following: A. L. C. Atkinson, R. W. Shingle, W. C. Achi, R. W. Breckons, John C. Lane, J. H. Boyd, Charles Costa, George W. Davis, Charles F. Chillingworth, Sol. Kalelupa, D. Kalauokalani, Jr., A. M. Brown, Fred W. Beckley and Robert W. Parker.

The objects of the Union were to be: "To send a Taft-Kuhio delegation to Chicago."

"That the people shall rule, and, for a united Republican party, opposed to centralization of power and secrecy within the party councils."

The organization was not to lack in presidents, the constitution providing for fifty-one of them, in addition to the four vice presidents, one for each island, with the usual complement of secretaries and treasurers.

The document gives a list of names of those who could be depended upon to back the People's Republican Union to a finish. The first name on the list is that of W. R. Farrington, followed by the other well known foes to centralization of power and secrecy: Edward Woodward, Joseph Woodward, Harry

Kahale, George Kekauoha, U. Jones, Henry Cobb-Adams, A. K. Nane, Frank Archer, Sol. Mahelona, D. Kaniha, C. A. Long, E. A. C. Long, Frank Kruger, Charles H. Clarke, Jas. L. Holt, Joseph Richards, Andrew Cox, Oscar Cox, Wm. Kane, Wm. Ahia, Harry Gregory, R. W. Boyd, A. Woodward, Andrew McCabe, A. K. Viera, Chris J. Holt, William (Continued on Page 8.)

## ATTORNEY FOR LOT K. C. LANE STARTLES BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

N. W. Ahuli, counsel for Lot K. C. Lane, injected a bit of unusual life into the meeting of the board of agriculture and forestry yesterday afternoon, by a proposition to grant Lane permission to enter the great forest reserves of Kau district, Island of Hawaii and shoot cattle, pigs and other animals, on the following schedule of compensation to the Territory for the game bagged: cattle, \$1 per head; wild horses, fifty cents; jacks, twenty-five cents; goats, twenty-five cents; pigs, twenty-five cents.

It appeared from the proposition as presented that Lot Lane wants to hunt principally for the sake of the hides and meat, the meat proposition of course applying specially to the cattle and pigs. The horses, goats and jacks are expected to supply hides. On this basis Lane, it appeared, was willing to enter the forest reservation and do all the killing he could, if granted permission.

The board appeared to receive the proposal with considerable indications of respect for the nerve that prompted it, and of doubt as to an alleged opinion of the attorney general that it was legally all right. Giffard wanted the opinion in writing. Julian Monsarrat, of Kapapala ranch, was present, and said he had come on other business, though the other business didn't show

## FREE SUGAR BILL WILL PASS BUT PRESIDENT WILL VETO

Latest Advices From Washington Say That Everything For Sugar Depends Upon This Fall's Elections

Despite the vigorous onslaught made upon the Underwood Free Sugar Bill by the minority report of the house ways and means committee, whose report upon the bill was published in part in The Advertiser on Friday, the report being confirmed by belated special cables to the afternoon papers and by some further information cabled the Delegate by George McK. McClellan, it appears that the house Democrats intend to pass the bill, or at least some free sugar measure.

The Associated Press message to The Advertiser stated that the bill had been recommitted to the committee to be redrafted, but at Washington it is not believed, evidently, that the Democrats will amend the measure to such a degree that the President would sign it. A query as to the status of the bill and the prospects of free sugar was sent yesterday to The Advertiser's Washington correspondent, who answered as follows:

### PRESIDENT WILL VETO.

"WASHINGTON, March 11.—Free Sugar Bill will pass the house and possibly in the senate, but the President will veto the legislation when it reaches him.

"There will be no change in the sugar tariff for a year at least. After that everything depends upon how the elections go in November. A Democratic victory would mean, in all probability the passage of the bill; a Republican victory will mean that there will be no further agitation for any sugar tariff reduction."

### HOW COAST PEOPLE FEEL.

On the Coast there is not much fear of free sugar. One of the financial editors of a San Francisco daily writes:

"Heavy decline in local sugar stocks have reflected the anxiety that the recent suggestion of free sugar has occasioned on the Coast. Most of the leading issues, including the Hawaiian standards, have eased off under the stress of selling that the news from Washington has prompted. While this feeling is apparent among many holders of the sugar stocks, it is not shared by the insiders. Among the largest owners of sugar shares there has been no disposition to sell.

"As a matter of fact the eastern markets have taken a course directly contrary to those on the Pacific. Upon receipt of the information that the house contemplated a bill calling for free sugar, the large interests in the east were not disposed to part with the smallest fraction of their holdings. Strangely enough, American beet sugar stock has advanced two points, while the wires from the capital have been humming with the threat of thorough revision of the schedules.

"There is a strong confidence among the men in the local sugar market, as well as those in the east, that any bill that aims to place sugar on the free list has small chance of becoming a law at this time. The attitude of the President has not been taken into account by those who have become startled by the tentative suggestions that have emanated from the house."

## FISHER MAY COME AFTER ALL

Had Expected to Arrive Today, but Urgent Business Prevented President's Plan.

By Ernest G. Walker.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, February 23.—Those who started out so vigorously a short time ago to discredit The Advertiser's exclusive information from Washington about the President's promise to send a special commissioner to Hawaii, have drawn in their horns. The confirmation came to them like a clap out of the blue several days ago, when Secretary of the Interior Fisher, from down in the vicinity of the Panama Canal where he was sojourning, sent a message up to Washington. (Continued on page four.)

## ASK MORE POWER FOR INSPECTORS

Board of Agriculture Takes First Step in Campaign Against Diseased Fruit.

More power for inspectors of the board of agriculture and forestry, to enable them to keep Honolulu residence premises clear of fallen and rotting fruit during the mango season, will be given if an amendment to rule No. 10, passed by the board yesterday afternoon, meets the approval of the Governor and becomes of legal effect.

W. M. Giffard, chairman of the board, who is also director of the fruit fly campaign, made a lengthy report on the work being done against the fly, reporting generally satisfactory conditions, and giving a warning that the mango season, now on in Honolulu, is full of danger. "We shall have to keep the city clear of the dead mangoes," said Mr. Giffard, "or the whole campaign will prove useless."

The plan under which the rule is drafted is to have the inspectors enter premises and clean them, where it is not done by householders, especially in the cases of poor people unable to employ yardboys. In other cases, prosecutions may be made for failure to clean.

Von Holt wanted to know how the line could be drawn, between those who ought to be made to clean their own yards of rotting fruit or be prosecuted, and those whose yard should be cleaned by inspectors whether they wanted the work done or not.

"It is a case where only the best judgment can be used," said Giffard. "I suppose a fight must come with some householders." Dowsett agreed that the only way was to use judgment in each case, as to whether to order the cleaning done, or do it. "We are hoping for public cooperation," he said. The amendment designed to strengthen the rule was unanimously adopted and sent to the Governor for approval, and the board is ready for a repetition of the banana fight if it has to come. It wants its inspectors empowered to clean yards of mangoes or other fruit.

### Mangoes Better This Year.

Giffard's report on the general conditions contained the following: "Continuous daily and systematic inspection of the various precincts and the cooperation of the large majority of householders have very materially assisted in ridding the whole quarantined residential section of infested fruits. These must not, however, include the mango, which is now coming into full bearing. As a whole, I should say that the present infestation is very much less than it was during last summer before the campaign started. (Continued on Page Four.)

## DR. SUN'S MAN THE PREMIER OF CHINA

Yuan Shih-Kai Has Same Chief Adviser as the Doctor Had.

BLOOD WAS SHED IN CANTON

Manchu Soldiers Entrenched and Have Captured Two Forts.

NANKING, March 12.—Tang Shao Yi, who was one of Dr. Sun Yat Sen's cabinet when the latter was President of China and was generally expected to be chosen for prime minister under the new government, was yesterday elected premier. Expects to Restore Order.

President Yuan Shih-Kai yesterday expressed himself as confident that order would soon be restored throughout the Republic. He said that the new government is now firmly enough established so that he expects it to be able to enforce the laws and soon put an end to the many disorders reported from various provinces.

### Peking Riots.

PEKING, March 12.—This city is in a condition of armed peace, with numerous outbreaks of an ugly character, reported in different localities. Decapitations of rebels against the authorities are taking place daily, and there are occasional shootings.

A few hours before the inauguration of President Yuan Shih-Kai yesterday some of the old troops of the Manchu dynasty tore Republican flags from a lot of buildings and began rioting. They were suppressed without any serious fighting.

### Fighting in Canton.

HONGKONG, March 12.—Serious fighting is reported in Canton. A hundred were killed and 250 wounded, according to the last estimates, in contents between the royalists and the soldiers of the Republic.

The Manchu forces have refused to disarm and are entrenched in the admiralty quarters. They have captured two river forts, and are prepared to resist attack.

## THREE DISSENTED AND TWO SEATS VACANT

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Chief Justices White and Justice Lamar and Hughes dissented from the decision given yesterday by the United States Supreme Court to the effect that patentees have a right to control retailers' contracts, and it is now stated that there will be a rehearing of the case with a full bench, two places on the bench having been vacant when the matter was heard. The seat of the late Justice Harlan was unfilled when the case was heard, and Justice Day was absent, and it is desired to have the matter heard by a full bench.

The decision upheld the rights of patentees to dictate the terms upon which retailers should sell their patented articles. In his dissenting opinion, Chief Justice White said that the law, under the decision, could be made to include everything used in a household.

## ENGLISH COAL STRIKE AFFECTING WHOLE WORLD

SOUTHAMPTON, Eng., March 11.—The transatlantic liners St. Paul and Oceania have been withdrawn from their runs owing to a lack of coal for fuel.

NEW YORK, March 11.—As a result of the labor disturbances in the coal fields of many parts of the world, a world coal strike is feared.

BERLIN, Ger., March 11.—Two hundred thousand coal miners have gone on strike at the collieries.

PARIS, France, March 11.—The coal miners' organizations here have voted to participate in a day's strike demonstration.

LONDON, Eng., March 11.—The price of coal has doubled here as the result of the great strikes. It is estimated that a million people are unemployed, besides the hundreds of thousands of miners who have gone out on strike.